Conversation Dyad Type	TI Mechanism %/(raw data)				Number of Methods %/(raw data)		
	NC-TI	T-C	DD	СО	0	1	2+
Data for Each Participant Group with SLP-PS							
PWAmild	7.9	30.7	52.5	61.4	7.9	50.5	41.6
(with SLP-Ps)	(8/101)	(31/101)	(53/101)	(62/101)	(8/101)	(51/101)	(42/101)
PWAmod	11.1	36.1	33.3	58.3	11.1	55.6	33.3
(with SLP-Ps)	(4/36)	(13/36)	(12/36)	(21/36)	(4/36)	(20/36)	(12/36)
M-PWoA (with	0.7	22.8	46.9	81.2	0.7	53.0	46.3
SLP-Ps)	(1/149)	(34/149)	(70/149)	(121/149)	(1/149)	(79/149)	(69/149)
		Data for SL	P-Ps with I	Each Particip	ant Group		
SLP-Ps (with	5.3	48.1	36.1	74.4	5.3	39.9	54.9
PWAmild)	(7/133)	(64/133)	(48/133)	(99/133)	(7/133)	(53/133)	(73/133)
SLP-Ps (with	0.0	64.6	36.5	70.8	0.0	37.5	62.5
PWAmod)	(0/96)	(62/96)	(35/96)	(68/96)	(0/96)	(36/96)	(60/96)
SLP-Ps (with	1.9	33.5	32.3	75.3	1.9	54.4	43.7
M-PWoA)	(3/158)	(53/158)	(51/158)	(119/158)	(3/158)	(86/158)	(69/158)

Supplemental Material S5. TI mechanisms: Distribution and rate of simultaneous use by each conversation dyad condition.

Note. TI = topic initiation; Conversation Dyad Type = each dyad group, data is for group named first, e.g., PWAmild (with SLP-Ps) reports data from the people with aphasia, mild when they were in conversation with speech-language pathologist partners; NC-TI = noncoherent topic initiation; T-C = topic-closing; DD = discontinuity device; CO = cohesion; items in these columns do not add to 100% because mechanisms could be used simultaneously; 0 = no explicit method of topic initiation (i.e., noncoherent topic initiation); 1 = 1 method of topic initiation used; 2⁺ = 2 or more methods of topic initiation used; PWAmild = persons with aphasia, mild; SLP-P speech-language pathologist partner; PWAmod = persons with aphasia, moderate; M-PWoA = people without aphasia.